

Paleo Diet What Not To Eat

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NAVIGATING THE PALEO LIFESTYLE: A COMPLETE GUIDE TO FOODS YOU MUST AVOID

The Paleo diet, often referred to as the "caveman diet" or "ancestral diet," has surged in popularity over the last decade. Its foundational premise is simple yet powerful: eat the way our hunter-gatherer ancestors did during the Paleolithic era, roughly 2.5 million to 10,000 years ago. The core idea is that the human body is genetically mismatched with the modern diet that emerged after the agricultural revolution. By returning to whole, unprocessed foods, proponents argue, we can reduce inflammation, improve metabolic health, lose weight, and boost energy levels.

However, while many people focus heavily on what they *can* eat on the Paleo diet—grass-fed meats, fresh vegetables, fruits, nuts, and seeds—the real challenge and the most critical aspect for success is understanding what to eliminate. If you are new to this lifestyle, or if you have been struggling with adherence, knowing exactly what constitutes a "non-Paleo" food is essential. This comprehensive guide will walk you through every major food group you need to remove from your pantry and plate. We will explore not just the "what," but the "why" behind each exclusion, helping you make informed decisions that support your health goals.

Understanding the "Paleo Diet what not to eat" list is not about deprivation; it is about making a conscious choice to fuel your body with nutrients that align with your evolutionary biology. Let us dive into the definitive list of foods to avoid.

GRAINS: THE FOUNDATION OF MODERN AGRICULTURE, EXCLUDED FROM PALEO

Perhaps the most significant departure from standard dietary guidelines, the Paleo diet strictly excludes all grains. This category is vast and includes common staples like wheat, barley, rye, oats, corn, rice, quinoa, and millet.

Why Are Grains Banned?

The primary reason for excluding grains lies in their content of **antinutrients**, specifically **lectins** and **phytates**. Lectins, such as gluten in wheat, are proteins that can bind to cell membranes and potentially cause damage to the gut lining, leading to increased intestinal permeability, often referred to as "leaky gut." This can trigger systemic inflammation and autoimmune responses. Phytates, or phytic acid, are compounds that bind to minerals like iron, zinc, calcium, and magnesium, preventing their absorption in the digestive tract. For our ancestors who did not practice modern food processing, these antinutrients were a significant detriment to health.

Specific Grains to Avoid

- **Wheat and its derivatives:** Found in bread, pasta, pastries, crackers, and couscous.
- **Oats:** Even gluten-free oats contain avenin, a protein that can be problematic for some, and they are high in phytic acid.
- **Rice (all varieties):** Includes white, brown, wild, and basmati rice.
- **Corn:** Commonly found as cornmeal, popcorn, tortillas, and as a hidden ingredient in many processed foods (high-fructose corn syrup, dextrose).
- **Pseudograins:** Quinoa, amaranth, and buckwheat, despite being technically seeds, are often grouped with grains and are excluded due to their saponin and lectin content.
- **Barley and Rye:** Often used in bread and beer.

LEGUMES: THE CONTROVERSIAL PROTEIN SOURCE

Legumes are a broad family of plants that includes beans, lentils, peas, and peanuts. On a standard plant-based diet, these are prized for their protein and fiber content. However, in the Paleo paradigm, they are strictly forbidden.

The Problem with Beans and Lentils

Like grains, legumes are packed with antinutrients. They are particularly high in **lectins** (especially in red kidney beans) and **phytates**. The concentration is so high that if beans are not soaked and cooked thoroughly, they can cause acute digestive distress. Even with proper cooking, the Paleo argument is that these antinutrients still negatively impact gut health and mineral absorption over the long term. Furthermore, legumes contain **saponins**, which can create holes in the intestinal lining and exacerbate leaky gut.

Complete List of Legumes to Eliminate

- **Beans:** Kidney beans, black beans, pinto beans, navy beans, chickpeas (garbanzo beans), and fava beans.
- **Lentils:** All varieties, including red, green, brown, and black lentils.
- **Peas:** Green peas, snow peas, and split peas.
- **Soy and all soy products:** Tofu, tempeh, edamame, soy milk, soy sauce, and miso. Soy is particularly problematic due to its high levels of phytoestrogens and goitrogens, which can disrupt hormone function and thyroid health.
- **Peanuts:** Technically a legume, not a nut, and are excluded. They are also prone to contamination with aflatoxin, a potent mold toxin.

DAIRY PRODUCTS: THE LACTOSE AND CASEIN CHALLENGE

Dairy is a staple in the modern Western diet, but it is completely absent from the Paleo diet. This includes milk, cheese, yogurt, butter, cream, and ice cream from any animal source (cow, goat, sheep).

Why Modern Dairy Doesn't Fit the Paleo

Framework

Our ancestors did not domesticate animals for milk consumption. Lactose tolerance, the ability to digest milk sugar into adulthood, is a relatively recent genetic mutation. A significant portion of the world's population remains lactose intolerant. However, even for those who can digest lactose, the Paleo diet excludes dairy due to **casein**, a protein that can be highly inflammatory and cross-react with gluten in sensitive individuals. Additionally, modern dairy is often from grain-fed cows and can contain hormones, antibiotics, and inflammatory compounds like A1 beta-casein. While some Paleo adherents make exceptions for grass-fed butter or ghee (clarified butter, from which the milk solids have been removed), strict Paleo purists avoid all dairy products entirely.

Hidden Dairy Sources to Watch For

- Whey protein powder
- Casein powder
- Milk solids or milk powder in processed foods
- Lactose in medications or processed meats
- Cheese powders in snack foods

REFINED SUGAR AND ARTIFICIAL SWEETENERS: THE METABOLIC DISRUPTORS

The only sugar readily available to Paleolithic humans was raw honey, maple syrup, and the natural fructose found in fruit. The modern diet is inundated with refined sugars, which wreak havoc on metabolic health. The Paleo diet demands a drastic reduction or complete elimination of added sugars.

What to Avoid on the Sugar Front

- **White sugar, brown sugar, and powdered sugar.**
- **High-fructose corn syrup (HFCS):** Found in sodas, fruit juices, candy, and countless processed foods.
- **Agave nectar:** Often marketed as healthy but is extremely high in fructose.
- **Artificial sweeteners:** Aspartame, sucralose (Splenda), saccharin (Sweet'N Low), and acesulfame potassium. These can alter the gut microbiome and trigger insulin responses.
- **Processed fruit juices:** Even 100% juice is concentrated sugar without the fiber of the whole fruit.
- **Alcohol sugars:** Sorbitol, maltitol, and xylitol (in large amounts) can cause digestive issues.

REFINED AND INDUSTRIAL VEGETABLE OILS: A HIDDEN SOURCE OF INFLAMMATION

One of the most overlooked aspects of the "Paleo Diet what not to eat" list is the category of industrial seed oils. These oils are a staple in modern kitchens, restaurants, and processed foods but are highly unstable and inflammatory.

The Worst Offenders

- Soybean oil
- Corn oil
- Canola oil (rapeseed oil)
- Cottonseed oil
- Sunflower oil
- Safflower oil
- Grapeseed oil
- Rice bran oil

Why They Are Prohibited

These oils are extracted using high heat and chemical solvents like hexane. They are extremely high in **omega-6 polyunsaturated fats**, which, when consumed in excess relative to omega-3s, promote chronic inflammation, oxidative stress, and endothelial dysfunction. Our ancestors consumed a balanced ratio of omega-6 to omega-3 fats (roughly 1:1 or 2:1), whereas the modern diet can exceed a ratio of 20:1 due to these oils. This imbalance is a major contributor to heart disease, obesity, and autoimmune conditions. Instead of these oils, Paleo recommends cooking with **coconut oil, tallow, lard, duck fat**, or **extra-virgin olive oil**.

PROCESSED AND PACKAGED FOODS: THE UNRECOGNIZABLE INGREDIENTS

If a food item comes in a box, bag, or wrapper and has a long list of ingredients, it is almost certainly not Paleo. The diet emphasizes whole, unprocessed foods. Processed foods are engineered to be hyper-palatable and are often loaded with refined sugars, industrial oils, preservatives, artificial colors, and flavor enhancers like **monosodium glutamate (MSG)**.

Common Processed Items to Avoid

- Sodas, diet sodas, and energy drinks.
- All forms of candy, chocolate bars (unless high-quality dark chocolate made with minimal ingredients, and even then, it's a treat).
- Packaged chips, pretzels, crackers, and microwave popcorn.
- Breakfast cereals and granola bars.
- Instant noodles and ramen.
- Frozen meals and TV dinners.
- Deli meats and processed meats (hot dogs, salami, pepperoni) unless they are from grass-fed, pasture-raised animals with no additives.
- Condiments high in sugar and industrial oils (ketchup, barbecue sauce, salad dressings, mayonnaise).

ALCOHOL: THE PALEO GRAY AREA

Strictly speaking, alcohol did not exist in the Paleolithic era. However, many modern Paleo practitioners make exceptions, particularly for **dry red wine** (which contains resveratrol and antioxidants) and **clear spirits** like **vodka**, **gin**, or **tequila** (which are fermented from grains or agave but distilled). Beer is generally avoided because it is made from grains (wheat and barley). The rule of thumb is to consume alcohol in strict moderation, if at all, and to be mindful of mixers, which are often loaded with sugar.

COMMON PITFALLS: FOODS THAT SEEM PALEO BUT AREN'T

Navigating the modern supermarket can be confusing. Several foods are often mistaken as Paleo-friendly but actually fall on the "do not eat" list. Being aware of these traps is crucial for staying on track.

Surprising Non-Paleo Foods

- **Peanuts and Peanut Butter:** As noted, peanuts are legumes, not nuts. They are inflammatory and prone to mold. Almond butter, cashew butter, or macadamia nut butter are excellent Paleo alternatives.
- **White**