
12 Days Of Christmas Australian

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EMBRACING THE 12 DAYS OF CHRISTMAS AUSTRALIAN STYLE

When most people around the world think of Christmas, they picture snow-covered rooftops, roaring fireplaces, and thick woollen scarves. But in Australia, the festive season unfolds under a blazing summer sun, with beach trips, barbecues, and a relaxed, outdoor spirit that is entirely its own. The **12 Days Of Christmas Australian**

tradition takes the classic festive countdown and infuses it with local flavours, native wildlife, and a sunburnt charm that resonates deeply with those who call the land Down Under home.

While the traditional carol speaks of pear trees and turtle doves, the Australian version is a playful, heartfelt celebration of everything that makes a Christmas in the Southern Hemisphere unique. From the iconic "six emus laying" to "a kangaroo in a gum tree," this reimagined carol has become a beloved part of modern

Australian culture. But the 12 Days of Christmas in Australia is about more than just a song—it is a season of community, culinary creativity, and cherished rituals that stretch from Christmas Eve to Epiphany in early January.

In this article, we will explore how Australians celebrate each of the twelve days, the foods that grace the table, the music that fills the air, and the traditions that make this period so special. Whether you are a local looking to deepen your festive practices or an international reader curious about how Christmas works in the heat, this guide will offer you a vivid and thorough picture of the **12 Days Of Christmas Australian**

experience.

THE TWELVE DAYS: A FESTIVE COUNTDOWN WITH A LOCAL TWIST

The period known as Christmastide runs from December 25 to January 5, culminating in the Feast of the Epiphany on January 6. In Australia, these twelve days are a time of continued celebration, family gatherings, and outdoor adventures. Unlike the commercial frenzy that peaks in late November and early December, the twelve days themselves encourage a slower, more meaningful pace of celebration.

Day 1: A Kangaroo in a Gum Tree

The first day of the Australian Christmas carol famously begins with "a kangaroo in a gum tree." This image is deeply symbolic, evoking the Australian bush and the unique wildlife that sets the continent apart. For many families, the first day of Christmas is spent at home, opening presents that were left under the tree the night before. In many Australian homes, the Christmas tree is often a real or artificial pine decorated with native Australian

ornaments—small koalas, kangaroos, and colourful baubles depicting iconic flowers like the waratah and wattle.

On this day, families often enjoy a leisurely breakfast of fresh tropical fruit, pastries, and perhaps a glass of sparkling wine. The heat of the day encourages a relaxed pace, with many heading to the backyard pool, the beach, or simply enjoying the shade of a verandah. The kangaroo in the gum tree is a reminder that this is a Christmas like no other, firmly rooted in the Australian landscape.

Day 2:

Two Turtle Doves (and Their Australian Cousins)

The second day traditionally features two turtle doves, but in the Australian adaptation, this often becomes a nod to the native birds that frequent suburban gardens and bushland. Species such as the crested pigeon, the peaceful dove, and the wonga pigeon are

common visitors during the summer months. Birdwatching becomes a quiet pleasure during the festive season, as the warm weather brings many species out in full song.

Many Australians use this day to venture outdoors for a gentle walk in a national park or botanical garden. It is a time to appreciate the natural beauty of the country, from the lush rainforests of Queensland to the coastal heathlands of New South Wales. The second day of the 12 Days of Christmas in Australia is about slowing down and connecting with the environment, something that feels particularly meaningful during the holiday season.

Day 3: Three French Hens (or Three Pavlovas)

While the traditional carol mentions French hens, the Australian version often humourously replaces them with three pavlovas. The pavlova is a quintessential Australian dessert—a meringue-based confection topped with whipped cream and fresh seasonal fruits such as strawberries, kiwi fruit, passionfruit, and mango. The debate over whether the pavlova originated

in Australia or New Zealand continues, but there is no debate about its popularity during the Christmas season.

On the third day, many families host a lunch or dinner featuring leftover roast meats, cold salads, and, of course, a pavlova for dessert. It is also a day when home bakers dust off their recipes to create their own versions of this iconic sweet. The pavlova represents the light, fresh, and indulgent spirit of an Australian Christmas, far removed from the heavy puddings of the Northern Hemisphere.

Day 4:

Four

Calling

Birds (or

Four

Kookabur

ras)

The fourth day introduces the kookaburra, known for its distinctive, laughing call. The kookaburra is one of Australia's most recognisable birds, and its call is often heard in the early morning and at dusk during the summer months. For those spending Christmas in the bush or in suburban areas near bushland, the sound of kookaburras is a familiar and comforting backdrop to

the festive season.

This day is often marked by a family barbecue in the late afternoon, as the heat of the day begins to subside. Sausages, steak, prawns, and lamb chops sizzle on the grill, accompanied by salads and cold beers. The laughing kookaburra serves as a cheerful soundtrack to these gatherings, reminding everyone to embrace the joy and humour of the season.

Day 5:

Five

Golden

Rings (or

Five Gold Nuggets)

The fifth day references five golden rings, but in the Australian context, this can evoke the gold rush history of the country. Many families use this day to explore local history, visiting gold rush towns in Victoria or Western Australia, or simply enjoying a day trip to a historic site. The idea of gold also aligns with the preciousness of time spent with loved ones during the festive season.

Alternatively, the five golden rings can be interpreted as a reminder of the generosity of the season. Many Australians use this period to make

charitable donations, volunteer at community events, or simply share their good fortune with others. It is a day for reflecting on abundance and giving back.

Day 6: Six Geese a-Laying (or Six Emus Laying)

The sixth day in the Australian version often features six emus laying, a playful nod to Australia's largest native bird. Emus are a common sight in rural areas, and their large green eggs are

sometimes used in cooking by those who live on the land. The image of six emus laying eggs also evokes the idea of a bountiful summer harvest.

This day is often dedicated to garden produce and fresh, local ingredients. Farmers' markets are popular destinations, where one can find stone fruits, berries, corn, tomatoes, and herbs at their peak. Many Australians use this day to prepare preserves, chutneys, and pickles to enjoy throughout the year, continuing the tradition of making the most of the season's bounty.

Day 7:

Seven Swans a- Swimmin g (or Seven Pelicans Soaring)

The seventh day replaces swans with pelicans, those majestic birds that glide over Australia's coastlines, rivers, and lakes. Pelicans are a common sight along the eastern and southern coasts, and their effortless flight is a source of contemplation and beauty. This day often involves a trip to the

coast, where families can enjoy swimming, surfing, fishing, or simply watching the pelicans and other seabirds.

For many, the seventh day of the 12 Days of Christmas in Australia is about embracing the coastal lifestyle that defines so much of the country's identity. A seafood lunch of freshly caught prawns, oysters, and fish is a common treat, often enjoyed with a view of the ocean.

Day 8: Eight Maids a- Milking

(or Eight Koalas Sleeping)

By the eighth day, the festive season is well underway, and many Australians are beginning to feel the need for rest and recovery. The image of eight koalas sleeping is a perfect representation of this sentiment. Koalas are famously sleepy creatures, spending up to 20 hours a day resting, and the eighth day encourages a similarly relaxed approach.

This is a day for pyjamas, movies, and leftover food. It is a time for quiet activities such as reading, board games, and napping.

The heat of summer makes this kind of low-key day particularly appealing, and many families embrace the opportunity to do absolutely nothing of consequence.

Day 9: Nine Ladies Dancing (or Nine Wombats Waddling)

The ninth day introduces wombats, those sturdy, waddling marsupials that are both endearing and

comical. Wombats are known for their determined, unhurried movement, and this day celebrates a similarly steady and joyful approach to life. Many communities host Christmas dances, community concerts, or outdoor music events during this period, bringing people together in celebration.

Alternatively, this day can be a time for personal expression through dance, music, or creative activities. Whether it is attending a local performance or simply dancing in the living room with family, the ninth day is about movement, joy, and shared laughter.

Day 10:

Ten Lords a-Leaping (or Ten Crocodile S Snapping)

The tenth day takes a turn toward the dramatic with ten crocodiles snapping. Crocodiles are formidable residents of northern Australia, and their presence is a reminder of the wildness and untamed beauty of the continent. This day often involves adventure and excitement—perhaps a

visit to a wildlife park, a boat tour through crocodile-inhabited waterways, or simply watching a documentary about Australian wildlife.

For families with children, this day can also be a time for imaginative play and storytelling, with tales of crocodile encounters and jungle adventures. The spirit of the tenth day is one of boldness, curiosity, and respect for nature's power.

Day 11: Eleven Pipers Piping (or

Eleven

Lorikeets

Feeding)

The eleventh day focuses on rainbow lorikeets, one of Australia's most colourful and social birds. These vibrant parrots gather in large flocks, feeding on nectar and fruit, and their lively chatter is a hallmark of summer in many parts of the country. This day celebrates community, colour, and the joy of sharing food with others.

Many Australians host a gathering on this day, inviting friends and neighbours for a shared meal. It is a time for connection and hospitality, for

enjoying the company of others, and for celebrating the diversity that makes Australian society so rich. The rainbow lorikeet, with its brilliant plumage, is a fitting symbol of this celebration of life and colour.

Day 12:

Twelve

Drummer

S

Drummin

g (or

Twelve

Dolphins Leaping)

The final day of the 12 Days Of Christmas Australian tradition concludes with twelve dolphins leaping. Dolphins are symbols of joy, freedom, and grace, and they are a common sight along Australia's extensive coastline. The twelfth day is often spent at the beach, watching the waves, swimming, and perhaps catching a glimpse of dolphins playing offshore.

This day also marks the eve of the Feast of the Epiphany, a time for reflection and gratitude. Many families take down their Christmas decorations on this day, packing them away until the

following year. It is a bittersweet moment, tinged with the nostalgia of a season well spent, but also a look forward to the year ahead.

HOW AUSTRALIANS CELEBRATE THE 12 DAYS OF CHRISTMAS

Beyond the charming reinterpretations of the classic carol, the **12 Days Of Christmas Australian** experience is shaped by a number of distinctive customs and activities. Understanding these traditions provides a deeper insight into the Australian festive spirit.

Outdoor

Festivities and Beach Culture

Perhaps the most defining feature of an Australian Christmas is its outdoor orientation. December and January are peak summer months, with temperatures often soaring above 30°C (86°F) in many parts of the country. This weather naturally encourages outdoor activities, from

swimming and surfing to cricket in the park and barbecues in the backyard.

Many Australian families spend at least part of the twelve days at the beach. Coastal towns and suburbs see an influx of visitors, and the beaches themselves become social hubs where people gather to swim, sunbathe, play games, and enjoy picnics. The beach is as central to an Australian Christmas as a fireplace is to a European one, offering a place of relaxation, recreation,